Т	TABLE R-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDEN	E 2-1602 NTIAL-2 DIS	TRICT USE TABLE					
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION								
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES					
RESIDENTIAL USE	es	,						
	Accessory dwelling (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	P	Section 5-613					
	Dwelling, single-family detached, including manufactured housing	P	Manufactured housing subject to Section 5-620.					
Household Living	Home occupation (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	P	Section 5-400					
	Portable Dwelling/ Construction Trailer	P						
	Guest house (accessory to single family detached dwelling	P	Section 5-612					
	Congregate housing facility	S						
	Continuing care facility	S						
Group Living	Orphanage or similar institution	S						
	Monastery or convent	S	Section 5-656					
	Tenant dwelling	P/S	Section 5-602					
AGRICULTURAL U	AGRICULTURAL USES							
Agriculture	General Use Category	P	Section 5-626					
Horticulture	General Use Category	Р	Section 5-626					
Animal Husbandry	General Use Category	P	Section 5-626					

T	TABLE R-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDEN		TRICT USE TABLE
	P = PERMITTED S = S	PECIAL EX	KCEPTION
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
	Animal care business	Р	Section 5-627
	Custom operators	P	Section 5-627
	Direct market business for sale of products produced on-site including but not limited to PYO (pick-your-own)	P	Section 5-627
	Equestrian facilities	P	Section 5-627
Agriculture Support and Services Directly	Equestrian facility, on lots of less than fifty (50) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-627
Related to On-going Agriculture,	Farm co-ops	P	Section 5-627
Horticulture and Animal Husbandry	Farm based tourism events	P	Section 5-628
Activity, On-Site	Farm markets	P	Section 5-603
	Pet farms	P	Section 5-627
	Stables	P	Section 5-627
	Stable, neighborhood on lots less than twenty five (25) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-627
	Wayside stand	P	Section 5-604
Animal Services	Veterinary service	P	
PUBLIC AND INST	ITUTIONAL USES		
D C D	Child care home	P	Section 5-609(A)
Day Care Facilities	Child or adult day care	S	Section 5-609(B)
Cultural and	Community center, HOA facilities only	P	
Governmental Facilities	Structures or uses for local government purposes not otherwise listed	S	

TABLE 2-1602 TR-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-2 DISTRICT USE TABLE							
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES				
	Colleges or Universities (including dorms)	S					
	School (elementary or middle), for fifteen (15) pupils or less	P	Section 5-655				
Education	School (elementary, middle, or high), for more than 15 pupils	S					
	Seminary	S					
	Vocational school	S					
	Cemetery	S	Section 5-637				
	Mausoleum	S	Section 5-637				
Park and Open Space	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, passive recreational uses	P					
	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, active recreational uses	S					
	Wetlands mitigation bank	P					
Public Safety	Fire and/or rescue station	S	Section 5-638				
i ubile Safety	Police station or substation	S	Section 5-638				
	Church, synagogue, temple or mosque with seating capacity of 300 or less seats in sanctuary or main activity area	P	Section 5-639				
Religious Assembly	Church, synagogue, temple, or mosque with seating capacity of more than 300 in sanctuary or main activity area, or with accessory schools, day care centers, with more than 50 children, recreational facilities	S	Section 5-639				
Utility	Communal sewer system	P	Section 5-621				
	Communal water supply system	P	Section 5-621				
	Public utility service center and storage yard	S	Section 5-621				

T	TABL R-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDE	E 2-1602 NTIAL-2 DIS	TRICT USE TABLE				
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-2	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES				
	Public utility service center, without outdoor storage	P	Section 5-621				
	Recycling drop off collection center, public	P	Section 5-607				
	Recycling drop off collection center, private	S	Section 5-607				
	Sewage and water treatment plant	S	Section 5-621				
	Utility substation, dedicated	S	Section 5-621				
	Utility substation, distribution	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621				
	Utility substation, transmission	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621				
	Utility transmission line, overhead (excluding connections of lines from public utility transmission lines to individual development sites)	S	Unless exempted by Section 1-103 (D)				
	Utility transmission line, underground	Р					
	Water storage tank	S	Section 5-621				
	Sewage and water pumping station	Р	Section 5-621				
COMMERCIAL US	ES						
Recreation and	Golf course	S	Section 5-648				
Entertainment	Private club or lodge	s					
Retail Sales and Service	Small business	P/S	Section 5-614				
Visitor	Bed and breakfast homestay	P/S	Section 5-601(A)				
Accommodation	Bed and breakfast inn	S	Section 5-601(B)				
INDUSTRIAL USES		•					
Telecommunication Facilities	Radio and/or television tower	S	Section 5-618				

Section 2-1600 TR-2

July 18, 2006

T.	TABL R-2 TRANSITIONAL RESIDE P = PERMITTED S =					
USE CATEGORY USE TYPE TR-2 ADDITIONAL REGULATION FOR SPECIFIC USE						
	Telecommunications antenna	P	Section 5-618(A)			
	Telecommunications monopole	P	Section 5-618(B)(1)			
	Telecommunications monopole	S	Section 5-618(B)(2)			
	Telecommunication tower	S	Section 5-618(C)(2)			

2-1603 Development Standards.

- (A) General. All development in the TR-2 district, unless exempted pursuant to Section 2-1603 (B) shall be developed consistent with Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards) and 6-2000 (Conservation Design).
- (B) **Exemptions.** The development of a lot existing on the date of adoption is exempted from the standards and requirements of Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards. The development of such lot shall be subject to the development standards of Table 2-1603(B).

TABLE 2-1603(B): TR-2 BUILDING REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING LOTS (Lots Existing Prior to January 7, 2003)					
Minimum Required Yards	No building shall be located within 25 feet of any property line nor within 100 feet from the right-of-way of any arterial road, 75 feet from the right-of-way of any collector road, and 35 feet from any other road right-of-way, private access easement, and any prescriptive easement.				
Maximum Floor Area Ratio	0.05				
Maximum Building Height35 feet. No restriction for buildings used exclusively for agriculture, horticulture at animal husbandry.					

1	Section 2-170)0 TF	R-1 (Transitional Residential - 1)
2	2-1701 Pu	irpose a	and Intent.
3	(A)	The pu	repose and intent of the TR-1 districts is to:
4 5		(1)	Create a visual/spatial transition between the suburban area and the rural area of the County;
6		(2)	Achieve a blend of rural and suburban development;
7 8		(3)	Encourage new development designs that incorporate both suburban and rural features;
9		(4)	Achieve a balance between the built and natural environment;
10		(5)	Protect and integrate open space and natural resources; and
11 12		(6)	Implement requirements that open space be provided in conjunction with the conservation design and other standards of this Ordinance.
13 14		se Regul	lations. Table 2-1702 summarizes the principal use regulations of the TR-1
15 16	(A)		nization of Use Table. Table 2-1702 organizes the uses in the TR-1 ts by Use Classifications, Use Categories and Use Types.
17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26		(1)	Use Classifications. The Use Classifications are: residential uses; agricultural uses; public and institutional uses; commercial uses; and industrial uses. The Use Classifications provide a systematic basis for assigning present and future land uses into broad general classifications (e.g., residential uses and agricultural uses). The Use Classifications then organize land uses and activities into general "Use Categories" and specific "Use Types" based on common functional, product, or physical characteristics, such as the type and amount of activity, the type of customers or residents, how goods or services are sold or delivered, and site conditions.
27 28 29 30 31 32		(2)	Use Categories. The Use Categories describe the major sub-groups of the Use Classification, based on common characteristics (e.g., the residential Use Classification is divided into two major Use Categories: Household Living and Group Living). Principal uses are identified in defining the Use Category. They are principal uses that most closely share the common characteristics that are key to the Use Category.

1 (3) Use Types. The Use Categories are then divided into specific Use Types. 2 The specific Use Types are included in the respective Use Category. They 3 identify the specific uses that are considered to fall within characteristics identified in the Use Category. For example, single family detached 4 5 dwellings, multi-family dwellings and town houses are Use Types in the 6 Household Living Use Category. 7 (B) Use Categories and Use Types Defined. All the Use Categories and Use Types listed in Table 2-1702 are defined in Article VIII (Definitions). 8 9 (C) Permitted and Special Exception Uses. A "P" in the column identified "TR-1" 10 indicates that a Use Category or specific Use Type is permitted as a matter of 11 right (as a permitted use) in the TR-1 districts, subject to compliance with all 12 applicable standards and regulations in this Ordinance and all other county ordinances. An "S" indicates that a Use Type is allowed in the TR-1 districts as a 13 14 special exception in accordance with the procedures and standards of Section 6-15 1300. In some instances and based on the Additional Regulations for Specific 16 Uses (Section 5-600), a Use Type will be permitted as a matter of right under 17 certain conditions or allowed as a special exception under other conditions. In 18 those instances, it is identified as "P/S." 19 (D) Reference to General Use Category. References to "General Use Category" 20 under the Use Type column, means all of the uses in the Use Category are 21 allowed. The Use Categories are defined in Article VIII. Where specific Use 22 Types are listed in the Use Type column, only the listed Use Types in the Use 23 Category are allowed. The Use Types are defined in Article VIII. 24 (E) Additional Regulations for Specific Uses. References to sections in the final 25 column of Table 2-1702 (Additional Regulations for Specific Uses) indicate that 26 the listed use is subject to use-specific regulations. The numbers provide a cross-27 reference to the "Additional Regulations for Specific Uses" in Section 5-600. All 28 the Use Categories and Use Types listed in Table 2-1702 are defined in Article 29 VIII (Definitions). 30 31 32 33 34 35

2

THE	TABLE 2-1702 TR-1 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-1 DISTRICTS USE TABLE						
	P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION						
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES			
RESIDENTIAL USE	S						
	Accessory dwelling (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	P	Р	Section 5-613			
	Dwelling, single- family detached, including manufactured housing	P	P	Manufactured housing subject to Section 5-620.			
Household Living	Home occupation (accessory to single family detached dwelling)	P	P	Section 5-400			
	Portable Dwelling/ Construction Trailer	P	Р				
	Guest house (accessory to single family detached dwelling	P	P	Section 5-612			
	Congregate housing facility	S	S				
	Continuing care facility	S	S				
Group Living	Orphanage or similar institution	S	s	Property of the Control of the Contr			
	Monastery or convent	S	S	Section 5-656			
	Tenant dwelling	P/S	P/S	Section 5-602			
AGRICULTURAL U	AGRICULTURAL USES						
Agriculture	General Use Category	P	P	Section 5-626			
Horticulture	General Use Category	P	Р	Section 5-626			
Animal Husbandry	General Use Category	P	Р	Section 5-626			

TABLE 2-1702 TR-1 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-1 DISTRICTS USE TABLE							
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES			
	Animal care business	P	P ·	Section 5-627			
	Custom operators	P	Р	Section 5-627			
	Direct market business for sale of products produced on-site - including but not limited to PYO (pick-your- own)	P	Р	Section 5-627			
	Equestrian facilities	P	P	Section 5-627			
Agriculture Support and Services Directly Related to On-going Agriculture,	Equestrian facilities, on lots of less than fifty (50) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	s	Section 5-627			
Horticulture and Animal Husbandry	Farm co-ops	P	P	Section 5-627			
Activity, On-Site	Farm based tourism	P	P	Section 5-628			
	Farm markets	Р	P	Section 5-603			
	Pet farms	Р	P	Section 5-627			
	Stables	P	P	Section 5-627			
1	Stable, neighborhood on lots less than twenty five (25) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	S	Section 5-627			
	Wayside stand	P	P	Section 5-604			
Animal Services	Veterinary service	P	P				

TABLE 2-1702 TR-1 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-1 DISTRICTS USE TABLE P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION						
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES		
PUBLIC AND INST	ITUTIONAL USES					
Day Com Facilities	Child care home	P	P	Section 5-609(A)		
Day Care Facilities	Child or adult day care	S	s	Section 5-609(B)		
Caltana	Community center, HOA facilities only	P	P			
Cultural and Governmental Facilities	Structure or uses for local government purposes not otherwise listed in district	S	s			
	Colleges or universities (including dorms)	S	S			
Education	School (elementary or middle), for fifteen (15) pupils or less	Р	P	Section 5-655		
	School (elementary, middle, or high), for more than 15 pupils	S	S			
	Seminary	S	S			
	Vocational school	S	S			
	Cemetery	S	S	Section 5-637		
	Mausoleum	S	S	Section 5-637		
	Crematorium	S	S	Section 5-637		
Park and Open Space	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, passive recreational uses	P	P			
	Community, neighborhood, or regional park, active recreational uses	S	S			
	Wetland mitigation bank	P	Р			

TABLE 2-1702 TR-1 TRANSITIONAL RESIDENTIAL-1 DISTRICTS USE TABLE						
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION						
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES		
Public Safety	Fire and/or rescue station	s	S	Section 5-638		
T done barety	Police station or substation	S	·s	Section 5-638		
	Church, synagogue, temple or mosque with seating capacity of 300 or less seats in sanctuary or main activity area	Р	Р	Section 5-639		
Religious Assembly	Church, synagogue, temple, or mosque with seating capacity of more than 300 in sanctuary or main activity area, or with accessory schools, day care centers with more than 50 children, recreational facilities	S	S	Section 5-639		
Utility	Communal sewer system	P		Section 5-621		
	Communal water supply system	P		Section 5-621		
	Public utility service center and storage yard	S	S	Section 5-621		
	Public utility service center, without outdoor storage	P	P	Section 5-621		
	Recycling drop off collection center, public	P	Р	Section 5-607		
1	Recycling drop off collection center, private	S	S	Section 5-607		
	Sewage and water treatment plant	S	S	Section 5-621		
	Utility substation, dedicated	P	Р	Section 5-621		
	Utility substation, distribution	S	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621		
MANUAL PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PROPERTY ADDRES	Utility substation, transmission	S	S	Section 5-616 and 5-621		



TR	-1 TRANSITIONAL R	TABLE 2 ESIDENTI		RICTS USE TABLE			
P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION							
USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	TR-1 UBF	TR-1 LF	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES			
	Utility transmission line, overhead (excluding connections of lines from public utility transmission lines to individual development sites)	S	S	Unless exempted by Section 1-103(D)			
	Utility transmission line, underground	P	Р				
	Water storage tank	S	s	Section 5-621			
	Water and sewer pumping station	P	P	Section 5-621			
COMMERCIAL USI	ES						
Recreation and	Golf course	s	S	Section 5-648			
Entertainment	Private club or lodge	S	S				
Retail Sales and Service	Small business	P/S	P/S	Section 5-614			
Visitor	Bed and breakfast homestay	P/S	P/S	Section 5-601(A)			
Accommodation	Bed and breakfast inn	s	s	Section 5-601(B)			
INDUSTRIAL USES							
110 11111111111111111111111111111111111	Radio and/or television tower	s	s	Section 5-618			
	Telecommunications antenna	P	P	Section 5-618(A)			
Telecommunication Facilities	Telecommunications monopole	P	P	Section 5-618(B)(1)			
	Telecommunications monopole	S	S	Section 5-618(B)(2)			
	Telecommunication tower	S	S	Section 5-618(C)(2)			

2-1703 Development Standards.

- (A) General. All development in the TR-1 districts, unless exempted pursuant to Section 2-1703(B) shall be developed consistent with Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards) and 6-2000 (Conservation Design).
 - (B) **Exemptions.** The development of a lot existing on January 7, 2003 is exempted from the standards and requirements of Section 5-701 (TR Districts Lot Standards). The development of such lot shall be subject to the development standards of Table 2-1703(B).

TABLE 2-1703(B): TR-1 BUILDING REQUIREMENTS FOR EXISTING LOTS (Lots Existing Prior to January 7, 2003)		
Minimum Required Yards	No building shall be located within 25 feet of any property line nor within 100 feet from the right-of-way of any arterial road, 75 feet from the right-of-way of any collector road, and 35 feet from any other road right-of-way, private access easement, and any prescriptive easement.	
Maximum Floor Area Ratio	0.05	
Maximum Building Height	35 feet. No restriction for buildings used exclusively for agriculture, horticulture and animal husbandry.	

1	Section 4-1500	FOD -	Floodplain Overlay District	-3
2 3	4-1501	Purnos	se and Intent. These provisions are created to regulate and restrict land	d 119 <i>6</i>
4	4-1501	_	s within the County which are subject to severe periodic inundation, in	
5			her as to: (1) protect life and prevent or minimize property damage	
6		reduce	public costs for flood control, rescue and relief efforts occasione	d by
7		unwise	use or occupancy of such areas; (3) conserve the natural stat	te of
8			ourses and watersheds, and minimize the damaging effects w	
9			pment has on drainage conditions, pollution of streams, and	
10			mental impacts on the County's water sources; (4) comply with Federa	
11			aws and regulations that address the need for floodplain management	
12		•	ion; and (5) qualify Loudoun residents for the insurance and subs	
13 14		~	ed by the National Flood Insurance Program. Only those uses set for	
15			4-1505 and 4-1506 shall be permitted by right or special exception woodplain Overlay District, and land so encumbered may be used in a ma	
16			ed in the underlying district only if and to the extent such use is	
17		-	ed in the overlay district.	anse
18		F		
19	4-1502	Author	rity. Authority for these provisions includes:	
20			·	
21		(A)	Flood Damage Reduction Act, Va. Code Sections 62.1-44.108 et seq	ŀ
22				
23		(B)	Chapter 11, Title 15.1, Code of Virginia (Planning, Subdivision of	Land
24			and Zoning).	
25 26		(C)	Soil Conservation Districts Law, Va. Code Sections 21-2(c), 21-2(d).	
27		(C)	Son Conservation Districts Law, va. Code Sections 21-2(c), 21-2(d).	•
28		(D)	Virginia Environmental Quality Act, Va. Code Section 10-178.	
29		(-)		
30		(E)	Erosion and Sediment Control Act, Va. Code Section 21-89.2.	
31				
32		(F)	Potomac River Basin Compact, Va. Code Section 62.1-69.1.	
33				
34		(G)	National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.	
35	4 1502	75 . Pt 94	* TT-1	43
36 37	4-1503		ions. Unless otherwise specially provided, or unless clearly required by	-
38			t, the words and phrases defined in this subsection shall have the follongs when used in Section 4-1500.	wiii
39		meann	Es whom ason in socion 4-1500.	
40		(A)	Alteration. A development action which will change the cross se	ction
41		(<i>)</i>	of the floodplain and will increase either the erosive velocity or h	
42			of floodwaters either on-site or off-site. Alterations include, but ar	_

limited to, land disturbing activities such as clearing, grading, excavating, transportation and filling of land. (B) Base Flood. The flood having a one (1) percent chance of being equalled or exceeded in any given year. Also known as the 100-year flood. (C) Cross section. Shape and dimensions of a channel and valley of the floodplain perpendicular to the line of flow. (D) Floodplain. Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from the base flood and having a drainage area greater than one hundred (100) acres. For purposes of regulation under this Ordinance, a distinction is made between floodplains in watersheds of greater than 640 acres, and those in watersheds of less than 640 acres. (E) Road, Crossing of the Floodplain. Any improved right-of-way traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Driveways serving one (1) lot shall not be considered road crossings. (F) Stormwater Management Improvements. Surface drainage improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun County Code. (G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Administration. (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (I) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amond the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall represent the minimum identification of the Federal Insurance Administration);			
or exceeded in any given year. Also known as the 100-year flood. (C) Cross section. Shape and dimensions of a channel and valley of the floodplain perpendicular to the line of flow. (D) Floodplain. Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from the base flood and having a drainage area greater than one hundred (100) acres. For purposes of regulation under this Ordinance, a distinction is made between floodplains in watersheds of greater than 640 acres, and those in watersheds of less than 640 acres. (E) Road, Crossing of the Floodplain. Any improved right-of-way traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Driveways serving one (1) lot shall not be considered road crossings. (F) Stormwater Management Improvements. Surface drainage improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun County Code. (G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway; and other public utility lines traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. 4-1504 Administration. (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (I) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as anded) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);			
(C) Cross section. Shape and dimensions of a channel and valley of the floodplain perpendicular to the line of flow. (D) Floodplain. Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from the base flood and having a drainage area greater than one hundred (100) acres. For purposes of regulation under this Ordinance, a distinction is made between floodplains in watersheds of greater than 640 acres, and those in watersheds of less than 640 acres. (E) Road, Crossing of the Floodplain. Any improved right-of-way traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Driveways serving one (1) lot shall not be considered road crossings. (F) Stormwater Management Improvements. Surface drainage improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun County Code. (G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. 4-1504 Administration. (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (1) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEAM) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	5	(B)	The state of the s
10 (D) Floodplain. Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from the base flood and having a drainage area greater than one hundred (100) acres. For purposes of regulation under this Ordinance, a distinction is made between floodplains in watersheds of greater than 640 acres, and those in watersheds of less than 640 acres. 15 (E) Road, Crossing of the Floodplain. Any improved right-of-way traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Driveways serving one (1) lot shall not be considered road crossings. (F) Stormwater Management Improvements. Surface drainage improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun County Code. (G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. 4-1504 Administration. (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (I) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	7	(C)	
16 (E) Road, Crossing of the Floodplain. Any improved right-of-way traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Driveways serving one (1) lot shall not be considered road crossings. 20 (F) Stormwater Management Improvements. Surface drainage improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun County Code. 27 (G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway; and other public utility lines traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. 30 afford Administration. 33 (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: 34 (I) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	10 11 12 13 14	(D)	the base flood and having a drainage area greater than one hundred (100) acres. For purposes of regulation under this Ordinance, a distinction is made between floodplains in watersheds of greater than 640 acres, and
21 (F) Stormwater Management Improvements. Surface drainage improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun County Code. 26 27 (G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway; and other public utility lines traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. 31 32 4-1504 Administration. 33 34 (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: 36 37 (1) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	16 17 18 19	(E)	traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. Driveways serving one (1) lot shall not be considered road
(G) Utility Lines in the Floodplain. Storm sewers, sanitary sewers, water lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway; and other public utility lines traversing a floodplain generally perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway. 4-1504 Administration. (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (I) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	21 22 23 24 25	(F)	improvements, storm sewers, detention and retention ponds and other such improvements as required under authority of the Loudoun County Erosion Control Ordinance and Plan, Chapter 1220 of the Loudoun
4-1504 Administration. (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: (I) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unincorporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	27 28 29 30	(G)	lines and similar lines running generally parallel and perpendicular to the flow of the drainageway; and other public utility lines traversing a
34 (A) The sources of delineation of the floodplain shall include, but shall not be limited to: 36 (1) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unin- 38 corporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. 40 Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance Administration);	32 4-150	4 Admini	stration.
37 (1) Flood Insurance Study of Loudoun County, Virginia, unin- 38 corporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management 39 Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study 40 shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. 41 Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in 42 this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance 43 Administration);	34 35	(A)	<u>.</u>
	37 38 39 40 41 42 43		corporated areas by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) (November, 1985, as amended) (This study shall represent the minimum identification of the floodplain. Any changes to the Flood Insurance Rate Map data contained in this study shall have the prior approval of the Federal Insurance

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- (2) Flood hazard studies by USDA-Soil Conservation Service;
- (3) Floodplain studies by other Federal agencies such as the Corps of Engineers or the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS);
- (4) Detailed site-specific floodplain studies conducted by consulting engineering firms or government agencies;
- (5) For the Potomac River, the flood of 1936 known elevations along with a hydraulic gradient established by past flood events and ground topography; and
- (6) For the main stem of the Broad Run, from the Potomac River to the confluence of the North and South Forks, The <u>Floodplain Study of the Broad Run Watershed</u>, prepared by GKY and Associates, Inc. dated December 1990, as amended.
- (B) The watershed map of Loudoun County shall show the approximate floodplain elevations and boundaries of watersheds greater than 100 acres and of watersheds greater than 640 acres. The Zoning Administrator, in consultation with the Director of Environmental Resources, is charged with making necessary cartographic interpretations of those maps.
- (C) The provisions of this Section shall apply to all land within a floodplain. As used in this Section 4-1500, "floodplain" refers to certain areas whose boundaries are determined and can be located on the ground by reference to the definition of that term. The boundaries of the floodplain as shown on the Floodplain Map of Loudoun County are intended to correspond to the actual physical location of the floodplain. The Zoning Administrator, in consultation with the Director of Environmental Resources, is authorized to make necessary interpretations as to the exact location of the boundaries of floodplains if there appears to be a conflict between the mapped floodplain boundary, elevations and actual physical conditions. Such interpretations may be appealed to the Board of Zoning Appeals in accordance with the provisions of Section 6-1700. The Zoning Administrator may require information from any applicant, including, but not limited to a topographic survey and/or an engineering study of the floodplain in conformance with the provisions of the Facilities Standards Manual.
- **Permitted Uses.** The following uses, having a low flood damage potential and causing no obstruction of flood flows, shall be permitted within the Floodplain Overlay District. Uses allowed in the underlying district shall be prohibited to the extent not permitted by right or by special exception in the Floodplain Overlay District. Where any uses, structures or improvements will result in an alteration to

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the floodplain, applications for alterations must be submitted to the Zoning. Administrator in accordance with subsection 4-1508, and any alteration must meet the criteria contained in that subsection.

- (A) Permitted uses in the floodplain of streams draining greater than 640 acres.
 - (1) Agricultural uses such as general farming, pasture, grazing, outdoor plant nurseries, horticulture, wildcrop harvesting, vegetable gardens, truck farming and sod farming. In addition, timber harvesting is permitted upon submission of a Timber Management Plan that has been approved by the Virginia Division of Forestry.
 - (2) Fishery uses such as fish hatcheries, fish harvesting.
 - (3) Public or private recreational uses such as golf courses and driving ranges, archery ranges, picnic grounds, wildlife and nature preserves, target ranges, trap and skeet ranges, hunting and fishing areas, swimming areas (except for swimming pools) hiking and horseback riding trails, play areas of a natural, permeable nature, including ball fields and polo fields, and other similar park and open space uses. Tennis courts, basketball courts, and similar type courts are permitted provided impervious surfaces do not exceed three percent (3%) of the floodplain within the development, and are not located within the floodway.
 - (4) Stormwater management improvements associated with uses permitted by right or special exception in the Floodplain Overlay District.
 - (5) Utility lines, road crossings, private drives, serving up to seven (7) lots and private access easements serving low density development, and Private Lanes serving up to twenty-five (25) lots in the A-25 District as provided for in Section 2-107.
 - (6) Repair, reconstruction or improvement of existing residences, so long as the footprint of the existing residence is not increased and is not considered a substantial improvement. "Substantial Improvement" means any repair, reconstruction or improvement

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the cost of which equals or exceeds fifty percent (50%) of the market value of the existing structure either (a) before the improvement or repair is started, or (b) if the structure has been damaged and is being restored, before the damage has occurred, regardless of the actual repair work performed.

- (7) Parking areas accessory to uses permitted by right or special exception in Floodplain Overlay District.
- (8) Incidental structures, not exceeding 840 square feet of floor area, associated with permitted or approved special exception uses in the Floodplain Overlay District. Such structures include storage sheds, maintenance sheds, backstops, bath houses and locker rooms. Provided, however, bulk storage of gasoline, chemicals, fuels or similar substances are prohibited in the Floodplain Overlay District.
- (9) Temporary storage of material or equipment necessary in the construction of uses or structures permitted by right or special exception in the Floodplain Overlay District.
- (10) Alterations of the floodplain associated with any permitted or special exception uses in the Floodplain Overlay District. However, no channelization shall occur except to protect existing habitable structures subject to periodic flooding. Applications for alterations of the floodplain must be submitted in accordance with Section 4-1508. To the extent that the elevations and boundaries of the floodplain change as a result of the alteration action, any areas no longer within the floodplain may be used for any use in the underlying district, subject to the provisions of the applicable district regulations and conditions of any approved special exception.
- (11) Restoration and rehabilitation of historic structures included or eligible for inclusion on a federal, state or local historic register.
- (12) Road crossings subject to the procedures and standards in Section 4-1508. If such a development action results in an off-site increase in the water surface elevation of the base flood as shown on the Floodplain Map of Loudoun County, it is subject to the following criteria and provisions:

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- (a) The procedures and standards for alterations in Section 4-1508 shall apply; provided, however, the proposed crossing may result in a rise in the water surface elevation of the base flood of no more than one (1) foot.
- (b) The proposed crossing must be a feature shown on the Comprehensive Plan.
- (c) A floodplain alteration in accordance with the <u>Facilities Standards Manual</u> shall be submitted delineating all increases in the base flood, and the new floodplain limits shall be approved by FEMA, where a FEMA designated floodplain or floodway will be altered. There shall be no increase allowed by FEMA in the base flood elevation within FEMA designated floodway.
- (d) The road crossing shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the standards and regulations of the Virginia Department of Transportation and/or the FSM, whichever shall apply.
- (e) An instrument describing the increase in the floodplain limits, and executed by each affected property owner, shall be recorded upon approval of the alteration for the road crossing.
- (f) The proposed crossing shall not result in an increase in the water surface elevation of the base flood affecting existing buildings and structures.
- (g) Affected off-site property owners may at any time mitigate impacts on their land as a result of an increase in the water surface elevation of the base flood by:
 - (i) Including all, or a portion of, the land subject to the increase in the base flood elevation for purposes of calculating the permitted density or intensity of use on the lot subject to such increase; and/or
 - (ii) Alterations in accordance with Section 5.440B of the <u>Facilities Standards Manual</u> to reclaim that portion of their land subject to the increase in water surface

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elevation of the base flood as a result of the roadcrossing, provided there is no additional offsite rise in the 100-year water surface elevation; or

- (iii) An affected landowner may request the following by special exception granted by the Board of Supervisors, in accordance with Section 4-1506 of the Zoning Ordinance, in conjunction with subsection 4-1505(A)(12)(g)(i):
 - (a) Adjustment of the building setback or parking setback requirements on specific lots or parcels of land affected by the increase in the elevation of the base flood; and/or
 - (b) Allocation of the density provided for in subsection 4-1505(A)(12)(g)(i) to other lots within the proposed development not directly subject to the increase in the base flood elevation. This provision is in addition to other density transfer provisions established by the Loudoun County Zoning Ordinance.
- (13) Municipal drinking water supply reservoir.
- (B) Permitted uses in the floodplain of streams draining less than 640 acres.
 - (1) Uses allowed under Section 4-1505(A).
 - (2) Alterations. Applications for alterations whether or not associated with a permitted or special exception use must be submitted in accordance with Section 4-1508 and any alteration must meet the criteria contained in that section. To the extent that the boundaries of the floodplain change as a result of the alteration, any areas no longer within the floodplain may be used for any use in the underlying district, subject to the provisions of the applicable district regulations and conditions of any approved special exception.
 - (3) Stormwater management improvements whether or not associated with uses permitted by right or special exception in the Floodplain Overlay District.
 - (4) Farm ponds designed by the Soil Conservation Service.

1			(5) Basketball or tennis courts, and swimming pools.
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3			(6) Parking areas less than 5,000 square feet not otherwise
4			permitted. Such parking areas shall not be subject to 100-year
5			flooding greater than one foot in depth, shall be equipped with
6			best management practices maintained by the property owner,
7			and shall not require major fill.
8			
9	4-1506		al Exception Uses. The following uses and structures may be permitted in
10		the flo	odplain by the Board of Supervisors by special exception, subject to Section
11		6-130	0 and subsection 4-1507.
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13		(A)	Marinas, boat rentals, docks, piers, wharves, water ski jump facilities,
14			and incidental structures associated with such uses, such as bath houses
15			and locker rooms.
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17		(B)	Carnivals, circuses and similar transient amusement enterprises.
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19		(C)	Riding stables.
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		(D)	Structures or uses required for the operation of a public utility, road
21 22 23 24		` ,	crossings and stormwater management improvements not otherwise
23			permitted by this Ordinance; provided, however, that stormwater
24			management ponds shall not be allowed in floodplains in watersheds of
25			greater than 640 acres, except as provided in paragraph (E), below.
26			<i>z</i>
27		(E)	Those roads, as permitted under the provisions of the Zoning Ordinance
28		• •	and Land Subdivision and Development Ordinance, and ponds in the
29			Potomac River floodplain. Due to the extensive watershed drained by
30			the Potomac River in the States of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania,
31			the Potomac River floodplain is unique in comparison to all other
32			floodplains in Loudoun County. The Potomac River floodplain located
33			in Loudoun County does not represent a significant portion of the entire
34			Potomac floodplain, and accordingly, these less restrictive use
35			regulations will apply to that area.
36			1-Surmons will apply to muc mou.
37	I	(F)	Incidental structures, greater than 840 square feet of floor area, associated
38		(*)	with uses permitted by right or special exception in the Floodplain
39			Overlay District.
40			Oronny Dionion
41	4-1507	Stand	ards For A Special Exception. In considering applications for a special
12	. 2007		tion, the Board of Supervisors must be satisfied that the following standards
13			ose of Section 6-1300 have been met:
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1 2 3		(A)	_	oposed use will not increase the danger to life and property due to ed flood heights or velocities.
4 5		(B)	~	oposed use will not increase the danger that materials may be downstream to the injury of others.
6 7 8		(C)	_	roposed water supply and sanitation systems are designed to t disease, contamination, and unsanitary conditions.
9 10 11 12		(D)	suscep	oposed use or structure must be located and designed to limit its tibility to flood damage, and available alternative locations, not to flooding, for the proposed use must be considered.
13 14		(E)	The pro	oposed use is compatible with existing and planned development.
15 16		(F)	The pro	oposed use is in harmony with the comprehensive plan.
17		(*)	TITO PI	spector and in maintain what are completionally plain
18		(G)	The ex	spected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment
19 20		` '	transpo	ort of the flood waters expected at the site should not cause cant damage.
20 21			Signific	ant damage.
22	4-1508	Altera	tions.	
23				
24 25		(A)		lures for Alterations to the Floodplain. Applications for ons to the floodplain shall be subject to the following procedures:
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27			(1)	A Type I floodplain alteration application shall be submitted
28				concurrently with Construction Plans and Profiles,
29 20				preliminary/record plat, record plat, final site plan, or
30 31				subdivision waiver applications. A Type II floodplain alteration application shall be submitted after preliminary subdivision or
32				preliminary site plan approval. Approval of floodplain
33				alteration applications will be required prior to approval of
34				construction plans and profiles, record plats, or final site plans,
35				whichever comes first.
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37			(2)	The applicant shall submit to the Zoning Administrator detailed
38			. ,	studies in accordance with Section 5.400 of the Facilities
39				Standards Manual.
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41			(3)	The Zoning Administrator shall refer the submitted studies to
42 43				the appropriate agencies for review and recommendations based on Subsection 4-1508(B), below. The Zoning Administrator

shall notify the Virginia Water Control Board and the Federal-Emergency Management Agency and any adjacent community which may be impacted prior to the approval of any alteration or relocation of a watercourse that is designated as a FEMA floodplain or floodway.

- (4) Following review of the application, the Zoning Administrator shall approve or disapprove the application and notify the applicant.
- (B) Engineering and Environmental Criteria for Proposed Alterations to the Floodplain. All proposed alterations to the floodplain shall be reviewed by the Zoning Administrator, in consultation with appropriate agencies, to determine whether the following criteria have been met:
 - (1) Alterations to the floodplain shall result in no off-site increase in the water surface elevation of the base flood, except as otherwise provided for in Section 4-1505(A)(12). Alterations in the floodway shall result in no rise in the water surface elevation of the base floodplain consisting of the water channel and overbank areas capable of conveying the deep and fast moving water discharge of the base flood as defined in the Federal Emergency Management Agency Flood Insurance study.
 - (2) Alterations to the floodplain shall not create erosive water velocity on or off-site (where erosive water velocity is based on analysis of the surface material and permissible velocities for specific cross sections affected by the proposed alteration, using standard engineering tables as a general guide), and the mean velocity of stream flow at the downstream end of the site after alteration shall be no greater than the mean velocity of the stream flow under existing conditions.
 - (3) Relocation or alteration of the natural stream channel shall not be permitted on streams that drain greater than 640 acres. Relocation or alteration proposals for streams that drain less than 640 acres shall include a stream rehabilitation program depicted on a floodplain alteration plan.
 - (4) The maximum allowable slope of any filled area on the floodplain alteration plan shall be 2:1.

1 2 3 4 5 6			(5)	The floodplain alteration plan shall further include plans for erosion control of cut and fill slopes and restoration of excavated areas. The site plan should incorporate the use of natural materials (earth, stone, wood) on cut and fill slopes and provide for tree protection.
7 8 9 10			(6)	Alterations to the floodplain shall be in conformance with the provisions of Chapter 1220 of the Codified Ordinances of Loudoun County and the Erosion and Sediment Control Law, Va. Code Section 21-89.1 et seq.
12 13			(7)	The flood carrying capacity within the altered floodplain shall be maintained.
14 15	4-1509	Gradin	g Plans	and Construction Plans and Profiles Required.
16 17 18 19 20 21		(A)	uses in fisheric	ag plans and/or construction plans and profiles are required for all the floodplain overlay district, except for agricultural, forestry or es uses not requiring the erection of structures. Alterations may be red as part of either a subdivision or site plan application, or g plan.
22 23 24 25 26		(B)	the rec	uctures built in the Floodplain Overlay District must conform to uirements of the Uniform Statewide Building Code, including the roofing provisions of that code.
27 28 29 30 31	4-1510	Floodpl commis	lain info ssion pe	ormation To Be Submitted With Land Development Actions. In the standard of the fraction of the
32 33 34 35	4-1511	number	of resid	ations. For purposes of calculating the permitted floor area and lential units in the underlying zoning district, the land area in any loodplain Overlay District shall be treated as follows:
36 37 38 39		(A)	drainir	ortion of the Floodplain Overlay District in a watershed of a stream ag less than 640 acres shall be included as part of the land area for alculations.
40 41 42 43 44		(B)	any po Distric	to the extent permitted in approved County Flood Plain Studies, ortion of the regulatory floodplain within the Floodplain Overlay it in a watershed of 640 or more acres shall be excluded as part of d area for such calculations.

Note: No amendments are proposed to the MDOD text. This text reflects the regulations as they currently exist and are provided for reference.

Section 4-1600 MDOD - Mountainside Development Overlay District

4-1601 Purpose and Intent. These provisions are created to regulate land use and development on the mountainsides of the County, in such a manner as to provide for low density residential development in remote areas and to: (1) assure mountainside development will not result in substantial damage to significant natural resource areas, wildlife habitats or native vegetation areas; (2) assure that mountainside development is compatible with the slope of the land; (3) assure proper design is utilized in grading and in the development of structures, roadways and drainage improvements; (4) assure mountainside conditions are properly identified and incorporated into the planning process for subdivision and site development; (5) prevent erosion and minimize clearing and grading; (6) ensure that all development is compatible with the existing topography and soils conditions; and (7) implement the intent of the Comprehensive Plan.

4-1602 Mountainside Development Overlay District Established

- (A) The Mountainside Development Overlay District is hereby established as an overlay district, meaning that this district is overlaid upon other districts and the land so encumbered may be used in a manner permitted in the underlying district only if and to the extent such use is also permitted in the overlay district.
- (B) Mountainsides will be defined by the presence of certain natural features such as elevation, forests, steep slopes, unstable soils, and groundwater recharge areas that are commonly associated with these areas.
- (C) The limits of this district shall be shown on the Loudoun County Mountainside Protection Area Map, which is adopted as a part of this Ordinance. The Zoning Administrator is charged with making necessary cartographic interpretations of that map with recommendation and referral from the County Soil Scientist.
- (D) The following categories of mountainside area are established within the Mountainside Development Overlay District as shown on the Mountainside Protection Area Map:
 - (1) **Somewhat Sensitive Areas.** Areas with potentially slight or limited environmental and/or public safety impacts from development.
 - (2) **Sensitive Areas.** Areas with moderate environmental and/or public safety impacts from development.

Section 4-1600 Revision Date: April 11, 2006 Loudoun County Zoning Ordinance (3) **Highly Sensitive Areas.** Areas with potentially severe environmental and/or public safety impacts from development.

4-1603 Uses in the Mountainside Development Overlay District.

- (A) **Permitted Uses.** All uses and structures permitted by right in the underlying zoning district are permitted subject to the performance standards listed in Section 4-1604, except that permitted uses involving land disturbing activity in highly sensitive areas shall meet the criteria of Section 4-1605 and shall require special exception approval granted in accordance Section 6-1300 of this ordinance prior to issuance of a zoning permit.
- (B) **Special Exception Uses.** All uses and structures permitted by special exception in the underlying zoning district may be permitted subject to the performance standards listed in Section 4-1604, except that special exception uses involving land disturbing activity in highly sensitive areas shall meet the criteria set forth in Section 4-1605 and shall require special exception approval granted in accordance with Section 6-1300 of this ordinance prior to issuance of a zoning permit.
- (C) Exemptions. Agricultural, horticultural, forestry, or silvicultural uses are exempt from the application of the performance standards in Sections 4-1604 and 4-1605 except that, (1) agricultural operations shall be conducted only in conformance with a Farm Management Plan approved by the Loudoun County Soil and Water Conservation District, and (2) timber harvesting shall be conducted only in conformance with a plan approved by the Virginia Division of Forestry. Furthermore, any addition to a single family detached dwelling which existed within a highly sensitive area prior to October 4, 1995 shall be permitted by right, subject to the criteria in Sections 4-1604 and 4-1605, and provided that such addition does not increase the total floor area of the dwelling, as existed on October 4, 1995, by more than fifty percent (50%).
- (D) The uses described in and subject to Article I Section 1-404(B)(2) are exempted from the special exception requirements, subject to obtaining an approved "Location Clearance Permit" from the Zoning Administrator or his/her designee, accompanied by as much information as the Zoning Administrator deems pertinent and such additional information as the Zoning Administrator may require to approve such "Location Clearance Permit."
- 4-1604 Performance Standards in Somewhat Sensitive and Sensitive Areas. All uses and structures permitted by right or special exception in Somewhat Sensitive and Sensitive Areas of the Mountainside Development Overlay District, shall comply with the following standards:

In somewhat sensitive areas, land disturbing activities exclusive of house, driveway, drainfield and wells shall be permitted subject to the following: (A)

- (1) Selective clearing, to the extent necessary to locate the use, of up to fifty percent (50%) of forestal areas on existing slopes less than fifteen percent (15%).
- (2) Selective clearing, to the extent necessary to locate the use, of up to 25 percent of forestal areas on existing slopes of fifteen (15) to 25 percent.
- (3) No clearing of existing slopes greater than 25 percent except the minimum necessary to locate the use.
- (4) The limits of land disturbing activities shall be reduced by fifty percent (50%) in the following soil conditions associated with major groundwater recharge areas: soil mapping units 27, 48, 50, 52, 54, 55 and 89.
- (B) On lots in sensitive areas containing ten (10) acres or less, no more than one (1) acre of land disturbing activity shall be permitted, exclusive of house, driveway, drainfield and well. On lots containing more than ten (10) acres, land disturbing activities shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of the lot exclusive of house, driveway, drainfield and well. In addition to the above area constraints, in areas where the existing slope is over fifteen percent (15%), land disturbing activity limits shall be reduced by fifty percent (50%) and shall be permitted only after the applicant has demonstrated that no suitable alternative locations exist on areas with existing slopes less than fifteen percent (15%). In all such cases, a grading plan shall be submitted to demonstrate methods of minimizing the extent of erosion.
- (C) No land disturbing activity shall be permitted on soil mapping units 59 or 88 except for access roads and drives when no alternatives exist.
- (D) Prior to any land disturbing activity on existing slopes of 25 percent or more, or in soil mapping units 27, 59, 88 or 89, the applicant shall provide a Type I Preliminary Soils Review concurrent with zoning permit application. The review shall follow the procedures found in The Loudoun County Facilities Standards Manual.
- (E) No land disturbing activities shall be permitted within 100 feet of springs.
- (F) Prior to any land disturbing activity, the applicant shall provide a sketch plan which shows how the disturbed area will be restored; including existing and proposed slope contour and ground cover.

- 4-1605 Performance Standards in Highly Sensitive Areas. Land disturbing activity in Highly Sensitive Areas of the Mountainside Development Overlay District shall comply with the following criteria in addition to the standards set forth in Section—4-1604. Where there is a conflict between these sections, the more restrictive standard shall apply.
 - (A) Roads, drives, and dwellings shall not be placed on existing slopes greater than 25% or placed in Soil Mapping Unit 59 without a geotechnical study approved by the Department of Building and Development.
 - (B) The centerline grade of private roads and drives shall not exceed 16%. Under drainage and culvert design shall conform to the requirements of the Loudoun County Facilities Standards Manual.
 - (C) Land disturbing activities, exclusive of utility easements, such as clearing and grading shall be minimized, but shall be allowed as necessary for building sites and related improvements, not to exceed one (1) acre, exclusive of house, driveway, drainfield and well, and existing cleared areas and shall require a grading permit. Special exception conditions limiting clearing may include, but are not limited to:
 - (1) Selective clearing up to a maximum 50% of existing forest areas on existing 0-15% slopes.
 - (2) Selective clearing up to a maximum 25% of existing forest areas on existing 15-25% slopes; and
 - (3) Minimal clearing for roads and drives on existing slopes of greater than 25%.
 - (D) Standards and criteria set out in Sections 4-1605(A), (B), and (C) may be modified by Special Exception procedures set forth in Section 6-1300 provided that the application satisfies the public purpose of those standards and criteria to an equivalent degree.
 - (E) Where a site is to be served by groundwater, a proven supply approved by the County Health Department shall be provided as follows:
 - (1) Existing lots. Prior to issuance of a zoning permit.
 - (2) Lots created after the effective date of this Ordinance. Prior to approval of a record plat.

(F) Such other standards which are relevant, including Section 6-1310 Issues for Consideration and Section 1-102, Purposes of Zoning.

4-1606 Procedures.

- (A) **Permitted Uses.** Application for approval of a location clearance permit shall be made to the Department of Environmental Resources prior to or concurrent with the initial submission for approval of a zoning permit, subdivision, or site plan application.
 - (1) Single Family Dwellings on Existing Lots. Application for approval of a location clearance permit shall be made concurrent with the initial submission for approval of a Zoning Permit. No Zoning Permit shall be issued unless the location clearance permit has been approved.
 - (2) Additions to Existing Single Family Dwellings. Application for approval of additions to single family dwellings, existing as of October 4, 1995 within highly sensitive areas, shall apply for approval of a location clearance permit concurrent with the initial submission for approval of a Zoning Permit. No Zoning Permit shall be issued unless a locational clearance, confirming compliance with the standards in Section 4-1604 and 4-1605, has been approved.
 - An application for preliminary subdivision or preliminary site plan within the MDOD shall clearly identify the portion of the site within the MDOD and the location of springs, steep slopes, moderately steep slopes, somewhat sensitive, sensitive and highly sensitive areas, soil mapping units 27, 59, & 88, forest cover, along with the existing and proposed building sites, roads, driveways, drainfields, wells, and limits of clearing and grading. A note should be placed on that plan that also identifies the acreage of land proposed to be disturbed by clearing and grading on each proposed lot. The preliminary subdivision or site plan shall be approved only if the County determines that the preliminary plan is in compliance with the performance standards listed in Section 4-1604 of this ordinance.
- (B) Special Exceptions. Application for special exceptions shall be submitted prior to or concurrently with the initial submission for approval of a subdivision or site plan proposing land disturbing activity in a Highly Sensitive Area. If the proposed use or structure does not require the subdivision of land or the approval of a site plan, but involves land disturbing activity in a Highly Sensitive Area, a special exception must be applied for separately. Applicable permits shall not be issued until approval of a special exception application. Special exception

applications shall be made and processed in accordance with the provisions of Section 6-1300 of this ordinance.

In addition to the requirements for a special exception application established in Section 6-1300 of this ordinance, the following information must be submitted:

- (1) Existing conditions map, prepared at a scale of 1 inch = 200 feet and including planimetric detail with 5 foot contour intervals. This map shall include the location of existing wells, drainfields, and springs within 100 feet of the property boundary to the extent available from existing records.
- (2) Concept plan of proposed development including proposed roads, lot lines, buildings, wells, drainfield location, and limits of clearing, grading or other land disturbing activity.
- (3) Soil map approved by the Department of Environmental Resources.
- (4) Removed pursuant to ZOAM 1993-0002.

Section 4-1900 Limestone Conglomerate Overlay District (LOD)

2		
3	4 -1901	Purpose and Intent. A large area just east of the Catoctin-Mountain
4		range in the Rural Policy Area of Loudoun County is comprised of
5		limestone and "Karst terrain" areas. The limestone geology of
6		carbonate deposits is dissolved over time by mildly acidic
7		precipitation, creating fissures. The deposits are highly permeable,
8		allowing surface water to pass through quickly to underlying aquifers
9		and groundwater, and to reappear elsewhere as springs. The terrain is
10		also characterized by the presence of certain natural features, such as
11		sinkholes and rock outcrops. Thus, development on Karst terrain has a
12		direct correlation to the potential for collapse and ground slippage and
13		the susceptibility of groundwater and surface water pollution, and
14		spring contamination, posing serious risks to public health, safety, and
15		welfare. The provisions of this Section 4-1900 are intended to regulate
16		land use and development in areas underlain by limestone and in areas
17		with Karst features and Karst terrain in such a manner so as to:
10		
18		(A) Protect groundwater and surface water resources from
19		contamination;
20		(B) Reduce potential for property damage resulting from
21		subsidence or other earth movement; and
21		substitutive of outer earli movement, and
22		(C) Protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
23	4-1902	Authority. Authority for these provisions includes:
0.4		(A) Chantan 11 Title 152 Code of Vincinia (Diamina
24		(A) Chapter 11, Title 15.2, Code of Virginia (Planning,
25		Subdivision of Land and Zoning).
26		(B) Soil Conservation Districts Law, Va. Code Sections 21 2(c),
27		21 2(d).
_,		
28		(C) Virginia Environmental Quality Act, Va. Code Section 10-
29		178.
30		(D) Erosion and Sediment Control Act, Va. Code Section 21-
31		89.2.
32	4-1903	Applicability and Exemptions.
33		(A) Applicability—Land Area and Features Included in the
34		LOD. This Section 4 1900 shall apply to all land area and
35		karst features included in the Limestone Conglomerate
36		Overlay District (LOD), as shown on the official Limestone
37		Conglomerate Overlay District Map of Loudoun County
JI		Congramerate Overlay District Map of Loudoun Country

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1	("LOD-Map"), which with all explanatory matter thereon, is
2	hereby incorporated by reference.
3	(1) The LOD Map delineates the following features:
4 5	(a) The extent of the limestone bedrock formations;
6	(b) Sinkholes; and
7	(c) Rock outcrops.
8	(2) The LOD Map does not delineate required buffers
9	around karst features. (See Section 4-1905 below.)
10	(B) Applicability Covered Activities. This Section shall
11	apply to all proposed land disturbing activities, including
12	non agricultural rural economy uses, new single family
13	development, and subdivision, that occurs within the LOD
14	Expansion, alteration, or reconstruction of legally existing
15	buildings, structures, and impervious surface areas existing
16	on January 7, 2003 shall not be covered, provided that such
17	alteration does not increase the total footprint of a structure
18	or impervious surface by more than twenty five percent
19	(25%) or 2,000 square feet, whichever is greater.
20	
21	(C) Exemptions. The following land disturbing activities shall
22	be allowed within the LOD, subject to the specific limits se
23	forth below:
24	(1) Agricultural Operations. This section shall no
25	apply to agricultural operations located in the LOD
26	that are covered by a Conservation Farm
27	Management Plan, approved by the Loudour
28	County Soil and Water Conservation District or the
29	U.S. Natural Resources and Conservation Service
30	that includes best management practices, and a
31	Nutrient Management Plan (where applicable)
32	Structures associated with agricultural operations
33	are not exempt from these provisions.
34	(2) Existing Legal-Lots within Sensitive Limestone
35	Areas. Following a Geotechnical or Geophysical
36	study, a legal lot of record, which lot was: (a) in
37	existence on January 7, 2003; and (b) contains in
38	whole or in part a sensitive environmental resource
39	associated with limestone bedrock area established
40	by Section 4-1905, below, may be developed for a

1		single family detached dwelling and permitted
2		accessory structures. To the maximum extent
3		feasible, no development shall take place within
4		karst feature buffers, but where residential
5		development takes place, such dwelling shall be
6		sited on the lot as far from any karst feature as
7		possible, and shall comply with the development
8		standards in this section to the maximum extent
9		feasible. Development on such lot shall not be
10		allowed if subsidence poses a serious risk to public
11		health or safety or to the safety of residents or users
12		of the proposed development, as determined by the
13		County
14	4-1904	Review Procedures. All development approvals, review procedures,
15		modifications, and density calculations in the LOD are governed by
16		Article VI, "Development Process and Administration," as applicable,
17		and procedures in Chapter 8 of the Facilities Standards Manual (FSM).
18	4-1905	Establishment of Sensitive Limestone Areas.
19		(A) Sensitive Environmental Resources Associated with
20		Limestone Bedrock. For all development applications
21		involving properties subject to LOD as identified on the LOD
22		Map, or by an approved Preliminary Soils Review, the
23		applicant shall submit a Geotechnical or Geophysical Study
24		in accordance with standards set forth in the Facilities
25		Standards Manual, Chapter 6, Such Geotechnical or
26		Geophysical Study shall identify the following sensitive
27		environmental resources associated with limestone bedrock:
28		(1) Closed depressions;
29		(2) Open sinkholes;
30		(3) Rock outcrops;
31		(4) Seasonal high water table indicators;
32		(5) Surface drainage into ground;
33		(6) Faults;
34		(7) Other hazardous subsidence conditions;
35		(8) Underground solution channels; and

2		proposed development.
3		(10) Cave openings
4		
5		If conditions warrant mitigation to protect sensitive
6		environmental resources associated with limestone bedrock,
7		then the study shall propose mitigation measures to be
8		undertaken. Avoidance of sensitive environmental resources
9		associated with limestone bedrock and of karst features shall
10		be the preferred mitigation measure.
11	(B)	Karst Feature Buffers. For each karst feature identified on
12		the LOD Map or by an approved Preliminary Soils Review,
13		or the required Geotechnical/Geophysical Study, a Karst
14		Feature Buffer shall be established from the outermost edge
15		of the feature. The minimum Karst Feature Buffer width
16		shall be:
17		(1) Fifty (50) feet from any rock outcrop;
18		(2) One hundred (100) feet from the rim of any
19		sinkhole; and
20		(3) One-hundred (100) feet from any cave opening.
21	4-1906 Permit	ted Uses and Activities.
22		
23	(A)	Uses and Activities within Karst Feature Buffers.
24		(1) Land disturbing activities, development, and
25		impervious surface coverage are prohibited within
26		Karst Feature Buffers, except for the following:
27		(a) Fences that do not obstruct surface water
28	I	flow;
29		(b) Trails and other passive recreation facilities,
30		excluding buildings, for pedestrian, bike or
31		other non-motorized-use, provided that such
32		facility is designed with permeable materials
33		and is located a minimum of 25 feet from
34		the edge of a karst feature; and
35		(c) Restoration and revegetation.
36		(2) Residential structures shall be located outside Karst
37		Feature Buffers, unless there are no feasible

1		development sites available outside the buffers.
2		Residential structures located within a Karst feature
3		shall be sited on the lot as far away from the Karst
4		feature to the maximum extent feasible.
5		(B) Uses and Activities in the Limestone Conglomerate
6		Overlay District, Outside Karst Feature Buffers. All uses
7		and structures permitted by right in the underlying zoning
8		district are permitted within the Limestone Conglomerate
9		Overlay District outside of Karst Feature Buffers, subject to
10		the standards and mitigation measures in this Section and
11		Zoning Ordinance.
12	4-1907	Special Exception Uses. All uses and structures permitted by special
13		exception in the underlying zoning district may be permitted subject to
14		the procedures and criteria stated in Section 6 1300, "Special
15		Exception," of the Zoning Ordinance, to conditions identified in a
16		grading permit application, when required, and to any mitigation
17		measures required according to Section 4-1909, below
18	4-1908	Development Standards for the LOD. Unless otherwise exempt by
19		Section 4 1903(C) above, all land disturbing activities permitted by
20		right or special exception in the LOD shall adhere to the following
21		development standards:
22		(A) Structures in Potential Subsidence Areas. No structure
23		shall be built in an area where a Geotechnical or Geophysical
24		Study indicates that potential subsidence may occur that
25		would cause physical injury or harm to the public or future
26		residents unless such a study indicates that such potential
27		harm can be mitigated.
28		(B) Site Grading. To the maximum extent feasible, site grading
29 20		shall maintain natural drainages. If not feasible, then
30		drainage shall be designed to avoid damage to sensitive
31		environmental resources associated with limestone bedrock
32		as identified in the required Geotechnical or Geophysical
33		study.
34		(C) Surface Water Run-Off.
35		(1) Non-point source pollution load of nutrients and
36		sediment shall not exceed the standards specified in
37		Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
38		(2) Surface water run off shall not be redirected to
39		enter a sinkhole or closed depression. Drainage
40		plans shall be designed to route surface water run

1		off through vegetative filters or other filtration
2		measures before it enters such features, and to
3		protect neighboring properties from runoff on the
4		subject property.
5	(D) ——R	evegetation. Disturbed areas not covered by paving, stone,
6		other solid materials shall be revegetated with native plant
7		pecies that are compatible with the natural vegetation and
8		ee cover and that have low water and nutrient requirements.
9	(E) A	pplication of Wastewater Sludge. Application of
10	₩.	rastewater sludge shall be subject to the requirements of a
11		utrient management plan acceptable to the County pursuant
12		provisions contained in the Loudoun County Codified
13		rdinances
14	(F) €	ommunal Water and Wells. Wells shall be installed in
15		ecordance with the provisions in Chapter 6 (proposed) of the
16		acilities Standards Manual, relating to "Subdivisions with
17		ommunal Water Systems," and "Subdivisions with
18		ndividual Wells." In addition to well protection standards in
19		e FSM, structures and septic systems shall be located a
20		inimum distance of 100 feet from all existing and proposed
21	₩	ells, both on and off site.
22	(G) -0	en-Site Sewage Disposal Systems. On site sewage disposal
23		ystems, as currently defined in the Land-Subdivision
24	Đ	evelopment Ordinance, are allowed for individual lots and
25	St	abdivisions with fewer than eight (8) lots in the LOD.
26		ewage disposal systems shall be subject to the review
27	p :	rocesses and requirements in the existing LSDO (Section
28	1:	245.10) and shall comply with requirements of the State of
29		irginia Department of Health Division of Sewage and
30	₩.	Vater Services, the Loudoun County Sanitation Authority
31	re	egulations, the Loudoun County Health Department, and the
32	€	ollowing:
33	(-	
34		Loudoun County Health Department deems
35		appropriate for sewage disposal systems, the
36		applicant shall only use a sewage disposal system
37		that is at least 90% effective in removing nitrogens.
38	(2	2) For existing and new systems, owners shall submit
39		evidence of pumping, inspection, and any necessary
40		repairs and maintenance every three years. The
41		applicant shall submit evidence of current

1		inspection and maintenance before expansion or
2		conversion of a land use.
3	(H)	Communal Wastewater Systems. Proposed subdivisions
4		containing eight (8) or more lots shall be served by
5		communal wastewater systems, unless the applicant
6		demonstrates to the County that other types of systems are
7		available that will achieve the same or superior treatment
8		results. The County shall allow communal wastewater
9		systems in the LOD subject to the following standards:
10		(1) Where sufficient buildable land area exists on the
11		portion of a property outside the LOD to
12		accommodate—a—proposed—communal—wastewater
13		disposal system, that area shall be used before any
14		land within the LOD shall be used; or
15		(2) Where insufficient buildable land area exists outside
16		of the LOD, as much of the proposed communal
17		wastewater disposal system shall be sited outside
18		the LOD as possible.
19		(3) Where any portion of a proposed communal
20		wastewater disposal system is to be located within
21		the LOD the applicant shall demonstrate through a
22		Geophysical Study acceptable to the County that
23		the communal wastewater disposal system will
24 25		minimize run off generated, enhance filtration, and
25 26		will not have an adverse environmental impact on
26 27		underlying aquifers and groundwater. In addition, the applicant shall provide a plan for regular
28		operation and maintenance.
20		operation and manitenance.
29	(I) —	Protection of Springs. Land disturbing activities,
30		development, and impervious surface coverage are prohibited
31		within one hundred (100) feet from a spring, measured from
32		the vertical source of a spring on flat terrain or from the first
33		emergence of a spring on any steep slope (15% or greater).
34	(J)	Stormwater Management Ponds.
35		(1) To the maximum extent feasible, stormwater
36		management ponds shall not be located within areas
37		containing open sinkholes and closed depressions.
38		(2) Stormwater management ponds constructed within
39		the LOD shall be lined with impervious materials to

1 2	prevent groundwater pollution, in accordance with Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
3	(K) Warnings to Property Owners. A note shall be placed on
4	any record subdivision plat for land in the LOD, containing
5	the following, or similar, language: "Household lawn
6	fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides for residential purposes
7	should be limited due to the underlying geology of this
8	property, and the potential for groundwater contamination.
9	Application of fertilizers and lime is allowed within the
10	Limestone Conglomerate Overlay District but should only be
11	applied based on results of a soil test obtained through the
12	Virginia Tech extension service or other County approved
13	laboratory.
14	4-1909 Mitigation Measures for the LOD. In addition to compliance with
15	the development standards in Section 4 1908, land disturbing activities
16	shall employ one or more measures as necessary to mitigate any
17	potential adverse impacts to the County's subsurface water resources
18	or sensitive environmental resources associated with limestone
19	bedrock, as identified in a preliminary soils review, required
20	Geotechnical or Geophysical Study as set forth in Section 4 1905(A),
21	or other hydrogeologic or environmental analysis,
22	(A) General. Mitigation measures shall be directly related to the
 23	proposed land disturbing activity and its potential adverse
24	impact on karst features or sensitive environmental resources
25	associated with limestone bedrock-identified on the subject
26	property.
07	(P) Mitigation Management of the control by a study required by
27 28	(B) Mitigation Measures. If warranted by a study required by this Zoning Ordinance, the County shall require measures to
28 20	
29 20	mitigate the identified potential adverse impacts, including
30	but not limited to the following:
31	(1) Ineligibility for Density Increases. The applicant
32	may not be eligible for any density increases
33	permitted under the clustering provisions of this
34	Ordinance.
35	(2) Use of a Cluster Subdivision. Where not
36	otherwise required by this Ordinance, the County
37	may require cluster development.
~ <i>,</i>	
38	(3) Landscaping and Reductions in Impervious
39	Surface Coverage. The County may require:

1 2	(a) Reductions in the maximum impervious surface coverage allowed;
3 4	(b) Reductions in the area devoted to landscaped lawns, and
5 6 7	(c) the use of xeriscape (i.e., use of native plant materials and landscape materials that have lower water and nutrient requirements).
8 9 10 11 12 13 14	(4) Prohibition of Specific Pollution Sources. The County may prohibit specific pollution sources, as defined in Chapter 5 of the Facilities Standards Manual if the applicant does not propose effective mitigation measures acceptable to the County, provide evidence that pollution sources will be properly monitored, and that they will adhere to facility design standards.
16 17 18 19 20	(a) The County may prohibit the following pollution sources, including, but not limited to: (i) Uses and activities involving hazardous substances;
21 22 23	(ii) Uses and activities involving the application of high nitrate herbicides or pesticides;
24	(iii) Automobile service stations;
25	(iv) Underground storage tanks;
26	(v) Landfills and waste sites; and
27 28	(vi) Other uses and activities with high risk of releasing pollutants.
29 30	(5) Storage Tanks. The County may require leak testing and secondary containment of storage tanks.
31 32 33 34 35	(6) Conservation of Indigenous Vegetation. The County may require retention of indigenous vegetation to the maximum extent feasible, and in accordance with Tree Conservation Standards in Chapter 7 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
36 37 38 39	(7) Groundwater Monitoring. The County may require the applicant to establish a regular system of groundwater monitoring by a qualified professional for the proposed development.

1 2	(8)	Explosives and Blasting. The County may require the following blasting mitigation measures:
3 4		(a) A blasting plan for approval that contains blasting procedures;
5 6		(b) A pre blasting site inspection to determine base line conditions;
7 8 9		(c) Monitoring of initial blasts by appropriate seismic and noise measurements at sensitive locations identified in the blasting plan;
10		(d) Post blasting inspections; and
11 12 13		(e) Restrictions on blasting and explosives, or limits—on—blasting—to—specific—times—and atmospheric conditions to minimize impact.
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(9)	Silviculture. Silviculture may be conducted only in conformance with a Forest Management Plan that is consistent with requirements in the Facilities Standards Manual and approved by both the Virginia Division of Forestry and the County. Silviculture does not include commercial planting or clear cutting of a forest.
21 22 23 24 25 26 27	(10)	Nutrient Management Plan. The County may require a Nutrient Management Plan to be completed according to guidelines established by the Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation. All nutrient management plans required by this section shall be subject to County approval.
28 29 30 31 32	(11)	Conservation Easements. Conservation easements that permanently conserve sensitive limestone-area may be dedicated to the County with its written consent and/or to a third party approved by the County.
33		

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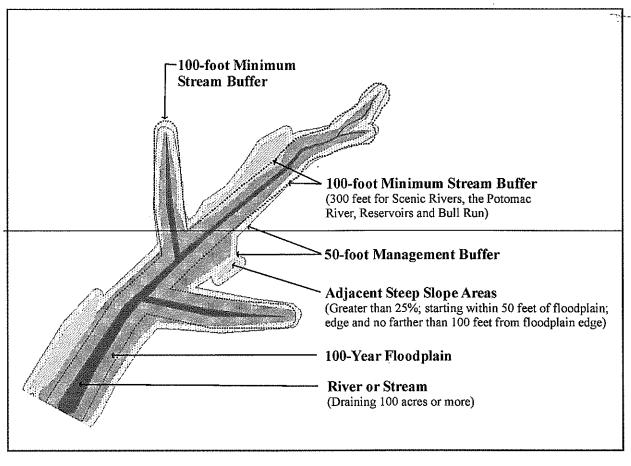
1	Section 4-2000 River and Stream Corridor Overlay District (RSCOD)
2	
3	4-2001 Purpose and Intent. These provisions are intended to promote, preserve, and
4	enhance the important hydrologic, biological, ecological, aesthetic, recreational
5	and-educational functions that river and stream corridors provide. Specifically
6	the provisions are intended to:
7	(A) Protect life and prevent or minimize property damage from soil erosion
8	and flooding; and reduce public costs for flood control, rescue, and relie
9	efforts occasioned by unwise use or occupancy of floodplains;
10	(B) Comply with federal and state laws and regulations that address the need
11	for floodplain management and protection;
12	(C) Qualify Loudoun County residents for the insurance and subsidie
13	provided by the National Flood Insurance Program;
14	(D) Conserve the natural state of watercourses and stream banks to enable
15	dynamic and healthy river and stream corridor ecosystem;
16	(E) Maintain water quality and minimize or remove pollutants delivered in
17	stormwater through the natural capacity of riparian areas to filter and
18	purify run-off;
19	(F) Protect against the damages of soil erosion and flooding;
20	(G) Reduce water treatment cost;
21	(H) Maintain and provide a riparian canopy to shade streams and promot
22	desirable aquatic organisms and fish habitats;
23	(I) Conserve wildlife habitat and corridors;
24	(J) Perpetuate biological diversity and natural resource management to
25	provide educational and recreational value;
26	(K) Protect and preserve functioning forest cover and riparian forest buffer
27	for their biological and hydrological benefits;
28	(L)—Protect-wetlands;
29	(M) Preserve and protect Loudoun County's historic and prehistoric heritage is
30	the form of archeological sites; and
31	(N) Protect the scenic value of the rivers and streams of Loudoun County.
32	
33	4-2002 Authority. Authority for these provisions includes:

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1	(A) Flood Damage Reduction Act, Va. Code Sections 62.1 44.108 et seq.
2	(B) Chapter 11, Title 15.2, Code of Virginia (Planning, Subdivision of Land and Zoning).
4	(C) Soil Conservation Districts Law, Va. Code Sections 21-2(c), 21-2(d).
5	(D) Virginia Environmental Quality Act, Va. Code Section 10-178.
6	(E) Erosion and Sediment Control Act, Va. Code Section 21-89.2.
7	(F) Potomac River Basin Compact, Va. Code Section 62.1-69.1.
8	(G) National Flood Insurance Act of 1968, 42 U.S.C. 4001 et seq.
9 10	(H) Section 10. 1 2100 et seq. (The Chesapeake Bay Preservation Act) and Section 15.1 489, of the Code of Virginia.
11	4-2003 Applicability and Exemptions.
12	(A) Applicability Land Area & Features Included in the RSCOD. This
13	Section 4 2000 shall apply to all land areas and natural features within the
14	River and Stream Corridor Overlay District (RSCOD), as shown on the
15	official River and Stream Corridor Overlay District Map of Loudoun
16	County ("RSCOD Map"), which with all explanatory matter thereon, is
17	hereby incorporated by reference. The description of the Protected River
18	and Stream Corridors ("Protected Corridors") in RSCOD is set forth in
19	Section 4 2005, "Establishment of Protected Corridors." (Note: Map
20	sources are listed on RSCOD Map.)
21	(B) Applicability Covered Activities. This Section 4 2000 shall apply to
22	all proposed land disturbing activity, including new single family
23	development and subdivision that occurs within the RSCOD Protected
24	River and Stream Corridors ("Protected Corridors"). This Section shall
25	not apply to the expansion, alteration, or reconstruction of legally existing
26	buildings, structures, and impervious surface areas existing on January 7,
27	2003, provided that such alteration does not increase the total footprint of
28	a structure or impervious surface by more than twenty five percent (25%)
29	or 2000 square feet whichever is greater.
30	(C) Exemptions. The following land disturbing activities are exempt from
31	this Section 4 2000's requirements, subject to the specific limits set forth
32	below:
33	(1) Agricultural Operations. This section shall not apply to
34	agricultural operations located in the Protected Corridor that are
35	covered by a Conservation Farm Management Plan, approved by
36	the Loudoun County Soil and Water Conservation District or the

1	U.S. Natural Resources and Conservation Service that includes
2	best management practices. Structures associated with agricultural
3	operations are not exempt from these provisions.
4	(2) Existing Legal Lots within the Protected Corridor. A legal lot
5	of record (a) in existence on January 7, 2003; and (b) located in
6	whole or in part within the Protected Corridor, may be developed
7	for a single family detached dwelling use and accessory structures,
8	provided such dwellings and structures are located outside of the
9	100 year floodplain. This exemption shall not apply to non-
10	residential uses. Such dwelling and accessory structures shall be
11	sited on the lot as far from the stream bank as feasible.
12	(3) Man-Made Drainage Channels, Ditches, and Similar
13	Structures. Standards set forth in Section 4 2005, "Establishment
14	of Protected Corridors," shall not apply to man made drainage
15	channels, ditches, and similar structures. However, all other
16	relevant development standards set forth in Section 4 2008 shall
17	apply.
18	(D) Zone District Development and Dimensional Standard Flexibility
19	Provisions. When twenty five percent (25%) or more of the total area
20	of a parcel or lot is subject to RSCOD restrictions (excluding any
21	management buffer), the following modifications of development and
22	dimensional standards shall be applicable for the purposes of
23	accommodating the density/intensity of development allowed in the
24	underlying zoning district, unless the underlying zoning requires less
25	restrictive standards:
26	(1) Minimum Lot Size: No minimum.
27	(2) Minimum Lot Width: No minimum.
28	(3) Minimum Yards.
29	(a) Residential: No minimum
30	(b) Nonresidential:
31	(i) Front. 15 feet
32	(ii) Side. 9 feet
33	(iii) Rear. 15 feet
34	(4) Height. 45 feet (residential); 55 feet, without additional setbacks
35	being required (nonresidential)

(5) Parking (nonresidential only). Twenty five percent (25%)
reduction in the required off street parking space requirement as
set forth in Section 5 1002.
(6) Buffering and Screening. To the extent necessary to
accommodate the density/intensity of development allowed in the
underlying zoning district, the Zoning Administrator may waive or
reduce the buffer yard requirements set forth in Section 5 1400
upon a showing that the building and/or yard has been designed to
minimize adverse impact through a combination of architectural,
landscape, and/or other design techniques.
unascape, and/or outer design teeninguos.
4-2004 Review Procedures. All development approvals, review procedures,
modifications, and density calculations in the RSCOD are governed by Article VI,
"Development Process and Administration," as applicable, and procedures in
Chapter 8 of the Facilities Standards Manual.
4-2005 Establishment of Protected Corridors.
(A) General Rule—Protected Corridors along Streams and Rivers.
(1) Minimum Protected Corridor Width. Except for those waters
listed under section 4-2005(B)(1) below, for all stream and river
segments draining 100 acres or more and shown on the RSCOD
Map, the Protected Corridor shall be the greater of (1)(a) or (1)(b)
below:
(a) The cumulative width of the following:
(i) The 100 year floodplain, and
(i) The 100 year floodplain, and
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%)
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or when adjacent very steep slopes are present, from
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or when adjacent very steep slopes are present, from the very steep slope areas in (a)(ii) above. OR
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or when adjacent very steep slopes are present, from the very steep slope areas in (a)(ii) above. OR (b) A minimum stream buffer measured as the area-located
(ii) Adjacent very steep slopes (greater than 25%) starting within 50 feet of the edge of the 100 year floodplain and extending no greater than 100 horizontal feet beyond the edge of the 100 year floodplain, and (iii) A 50 foot Management Buffer measured from the edge of the 100 year floodplain in (a)(i) above or when adjacent very steep slopes are present, from the very steep slope areas in (a)(ii) above. OR



Protected River and Stream Corridor ("Protected Corridor") Diagram

(B) Protected Corridors Along Specific Rivers/Streams and Water Supply Reservoirs

(1) Minimum Protected Corridor Width. For the following specific rivers and streams and water supply reservoirs, the Protected Corridor shall be the greater of the Protected Corridor width required by Subsection 4 2005(A), "General Rule Protected Corridors along Streams and Rivers," above, or the area located within three hundred (300) feet from:

(a) The defined stream bank of the Potomac River;

(b) The defined stream bank of Bull Run;

(c) The stream bank of the active channel for any state scenic rivers, including but not limited to Goose Creek, Catoctin Creek; and

d) The projected shoreline of any drinking water supply reservoir, as denoted on the RSCOD map.

1	4 -2006 Permi	itted Uses and Activities.
2	(A) —	General. Only those uses and activities set forth in this subsection shall
3	(.,	be permitted by right or special exception within a Protected Corridor, and
4		land so encumbered may be used in a manner permitted in the underlying
5		district only if and to the extent such use is also permitted in the overlay
6		district.
7	(B) —	Permitted Uses. The following uses shall be permitted in a Protected
8		Corridor, subject to development standards in this section:
9		(1) Roads, railroad tracks, bridges, paths and trails, and below ground
10		utilities when any such facilities cross a stream or river;
11		(2) Paths and trails, including footpaths, bicycling or hiking paths, and
12		horse trails constructed of permeable materials;
13		(3) Stormwater management facilities that do not alter a river or
14		stream channel;
15		(4) Sanitary sewer pipelines;
16		(5) Lakes, ponds, and water supply reservoirs;
17		(6) Historic sites, structures, archaeological sites, and
18		restoration/recovery-activities;
19		(7) Passive recreation, limited to hiking, non motorized biking,
20		horseback riding, picnicking, camping, climbing, hunting, fishing,
21		and wildlife viewing;
22		(8) Active recreation on the waters only, limited to swimming and
23		non-powered boating with public points of entry identified and
24		approved by the County;
25		(9) Silviculture, as defined in the Zoning Ordinance;
26		(10) Wildlife and fisheries management projects that are consistent with
27	1	the purposes of the Federal Endangered Species Act or consistent
28		with the regulations, policies, and habitat programs of the
29		Commonwealth of Virginia;
30		(11) Conservation and educational activities, including but not limited
31		to Adopt a Stream and Keep Loudoun Beautiful programs,
32		teaching visits, and scientific study of nature, historic sites, and
33		archaeological sites;

34

(12) Stream and riparian restoration projects;

1		(13) Wetlands mitigation banking; and
2		(14) Water quality monitoring and stream gauging.
3	4-2007 Specia	al-Exception Uses.
4	(A)—	General. The following uses may be permitted in a Protected Corridor by
5	(-1)	special exception, subject to the procedures and criteria stated in Section
6		4 2008, "Development Standards," and Section 6 1300, "Special
7		Exception:"
8		(1) Marinas or boat launches for non powered boats, boat rental entry
9		points, docks and piers; and
10		(2) Above ground structures or uses required for the operation of a
11		public utility, such as intake and outfall structures of power plants,
12		sewage treatment plants, water treatment plants, and substations.
13	(B)	Additional Criteria for a Special Exception Use. In considering
14		applications for a special exception, the Board of Supervisors shall find
15		that the following standards, in addition to those of Section 6 1300,
16		"Special Exception," have been met:
17		(1) The proposed use will not increase the danger to life and property
18		due to increased flood heights or velocities.
19		(2) The proposed use will not increase the danger that materials may
20		be swept downstream to the injury of others.
21		(3) The proposed water supply and sanitation systems are designed to
22		prevent disease, contamination, and unsanitary conditions.
22		
23		(4) The proposed use or structure must be located and designed to
24		limit its susceptibility to flood damage, and alternative locations
25		that are not subject to flooding must be considered.
26		(5) The expected heights, velocity, duration, rate of rise and sediment
27		transport of the flood waters expected at the site-shall not cause
28		significant damage, nor increase erosion downstream due to
29		increased flood heights or velocities.
30		(6) The proposed use will not adversely affect water quality or impair
31		the function or chemical, physical, biological, and ecological
32		integrity of the stream or river corridor.
33	4-2008 Devel	opment Standards. All development and land disturbing activities
34		tted-by-right-or-special-exception in the RSCOD Protected-Corridor shall
35		e to the following development standards:

1	(A)—	General. To the maximum extent feasible, all uses and activities shall
2		minimize land disturbance in the Protected Corridor.
3		(1) Preferred Development Sites. Preferred development sites for
4		permitted uses and activities set forth in Section 4 2006 and special
5		exception uses set forth in Section 4-2007 are those that:
		F
6		(a) Avoid all parts of the Protected Corridor except to the
7		extent that the Management Buffer is reduced or eliminated
8		pursuant to Section 4 2009, "Permitted Reductions in
9		Protected Corridor Width;"
10		(b) Do not impair, interrupt, or fragment the functioning of the
11		river and stream ecology; and protect the safety of residents
12		and their property.
		The Proof of the Proof
13		(2)—Restoration/Mitigation of Disturbance.
14		(a) Disturbance During Development. All areas
15		disturbed during development in the Protected
16		Corridor shall be restored to preexisting conditions
17		by the applicant to the maximum extent feasible.
18		Where restoration will not be feasible, then the
19		applicant shall mitigate any disturbance of the
20		Protected Corridor that exceeds 10,000 square feet
21		in area by providing mitigation in other areas in the
22		Protected in the form of:
23		(i) Providing riparian buffer pursuant to
24		Chapter 7 of the FSM, either on the
25		development site or off site; or
26		(ii) Enhanced BMPs pursuant to Chapter 5 of
27		the FSM, either on the development site or
28		off site; or
29		
30		(iii) Stabilization of off site stream banks: or
31	1	
32		(iv) Off-site vegetation restoration of erosion
33		that is affecting water quality; or
34		
35		(v) Establishment of a restoration area equal in
36		quality and quantity of the area encroaching
37		into the 50-foot management buffer
38		elsewhere on the lot or parcel in a way that
39		maximizes the purpose and intent of the
40		protected corridor.

1	A 11 (12) (2) (3) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4) (4
2	All mitigation areas shall be located in the general
3	vicinity of the disturbed area (e.g., within the
4	immediate drainage area) and shall be similar in
5	size and quality as the disturbed area prior to
6	development activity.
7	
8	(b) Pre-existing Conditions. On site stream bank stabilization
9	and vegetation restoration shall be required if a site shows
10	evidence of pre existing erosion that is affecting water
11	quality and/or stream banks that are unstable. Restoration
12	shall be performed in accordance with Chapter 7 of the
13	Facilities Standards Manual.
14	
15	(B) Alterations to the 100-Year Floodplain. No alterations shall occur in the
16	100-year floodplain to create additional-buildable land by elevating land or
17	relocating or altering a natural stream channel, except as specifically
18	allowed as either a permitted or special exception use. Where alterations
19	are permitted, they shall be pursuant to the provisions in this Section 4
20	2000, and the following criteria:
21	
22	(1) Alterations to the floodplain shall result in no off site increase in
23	the water surface elevation of the base flood. Alterations in the
24	floodway shall result in no rise in the water surface elevation of the
25	base floodplain consisting of the water channel and overbank areas
26	capable of conveying the deep and fast moving water discharge of
27	the base flood as defined in the Federal Emergency Management
28	Agency Flood Insurance Study.
20	
29	(2) Alterations to the floodplain shall not create erosive water velocity
30	on or off site (where crosive water velocity is based on analysis of
31	the surface material and permissible velocities for specific cross
32	sections affected by the proposed alteration, using standard
33	engineering tables as a general guide), and the mean velocity of
34	stream flow at the downstream end of the site after alteration shall
35	be no greater than the mean velocity of the stream flow under
36	existing conditions.
37	(3) The applicant shall provide plans for any alteration to the 100 year
38	floodplain. The floodplain alteration plan shall further include
39	plans for erosion control of cut and fill slopes and restoration of
40	excavated areas. The site plan shall incorporate the use of natural
41	materials (earth, stone, wood) on cut and fill slopes and provide for
-+ 1	materials (carai, stone, wood) on car and rist stopes and provide for

42

tree protection.